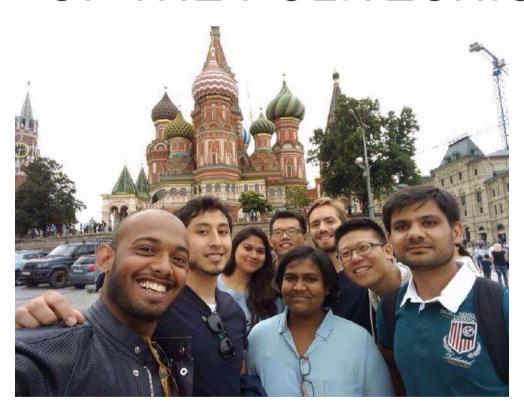


SUMMER CAMP SIBERIAN FEDERAL UNIVERSITY







1° STOP - MOSCOW RUSSIA







-Moscow is the capital and most populous city of Russia, with 13.2 million residents within the city limits and 17.1 million whithin the urban area. Moscow has the status of a Russian federal city.

-Saint Basil's Cathedral is a church in the Red Square in Moscow. The building is now a museum. It was built from 1555 to 61 in orders from Ivan the Terrible and commemorates the capture of Kazan and Astrakhan.

-Red square separetes the Kremlin, the former royal citadel and currently the official residence of the president of Russia, from a





-The Moscow Kremlin is a fortified complex at the heart of Moscow, overlooking the Moskva River to the south, Saint Basil's Cathedral and Red Square to the east and the Alexander garden west. It includes 5 palaces, four cathedrals and the enclosing Kremlin wall with Kremlin towers

- The international business center (MIBC), also known as Moscow city is a commercial discrict in central Moscow. The project occupies an area of 60 hectares, with the territory chosen being the only area in central Moscow that can accomodate such a project. This area hosts the





-The statue of Saint Vladimir is 17.5 meter tall made by bronze and it is located next to the Kremlin. It has been committed by Putin. It has been conceived to underline that Saint Vladimir was the spiritual founder of both Russia and Ukraine, this movement created further inflame tensions between the two neighbours.

-Lomonosov State University was established in 1755. With more than 40000 students, Moscow university campus is an extremely complex system, with 1 000 000 m2 floor area in 1 000 building and structure, with 8 dormitories housing over 12 000 students and 300 km of utility lines.





Luzhniki Stadiuk, initially called Central Lenin Stadium, was built between 1955 and 1956. It was the result of the ambition of the Soviet leadership to upgrade the country's sports facilities after the Soviet Union had tested its first post–war successes at the 1952 Olympics. It is selected to host the final of the world cup 2018 with a current capacity of 81 006 supporters

The Moscow metro is a rapid system serving Moscow. Opened in 1935 with 11 km line and 13 stations, it was the fist underground system in the Soviet Union. Now it has 206 stations and its route length is 330.1 km



2° STOP – KRASNOYARSK



2° STOP - KRASNOYARSK





Krasnoyarsk is a city and the admistrative center of Krasnoyarsk Krai, Russia, located on the Yenisei river. It is the third largest city in Siberia with a population of 1 035 528. It is an important junction of the Trans-Siberian Railway and one of Russia's largest producers of aluminium

2° STOP KRASNOYARSK





The Federal Siberian University is a modern multidisciplinaty university located in the eastern part of Russia, Krasnoyarsk, that combines fundamental and applied research and teaching. It was established in 2006 and it hosts 41 000 students. It holds top positions in Russian universities' ranking: 12–14 in the National Ranking of Universities.

2° STOP KRASNOYARSK





Presentation at the Siberian University of the international federation of the Politecnico di Milano



3° STOP - POLYTECHNIC CAMP



3° STOP – POLYTECHNIC CAMP





The camp was hold in a beautiful Siberian nature 6 hours by bus from Krasnoyarsk.

The place was surrounded by an artificial basin where different sport activities took place

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3° STOP – POLYTECHNIC CAMP





Everyday at the camp lectures, team works and extra activities took place

3° STOP - CAMP





At the end of the camp a presentation to business man took place. As a matter of fact, Russian students were proposed to be part of their company.

3° STOP – POLYTECHNIC CAMP

Extra activities at the camp











4° STOP – TRIP TO ERGAKY NATIONAL



4° STOP – ERGAKI NATIONAL PARK





Ergaki is a mountain range in the western Sayan Mountains in southern Siberia. It is also the name of the natural park. The highest peak is 2100 meters

The impressive stone has a contact area of only one square metre with the rock-face on which it has rested since being deposited there by an Ice Age glacier which later receded.

4° STOP – ERGAKI NATIONAL PARK





Hiking in Ergaki National Park

4° STOP – ERGAKI NATIONAL PARK



Enjoying the nature in Ergaki





5° STOP – SAYANO
SHUSHENKASKAYA DAMSUSENKOE
-PAOLO
-JORGE
-NITUSHA
-KAVITHA
-SAMSUL
-STEVEN
-JEFF

-ABRAR

4° STOP – SAYANO SHUSHENKASKAYA DAM-





The Sayano dam is located on the Yenisei River. It is the largest power plant in Russia and the 9° largest hydroelectric plant in the world, by average power generation. Its height is 242 m with a length of 1 066 m and top width of 25 and bottom one of 105.7m. Its spillway capacity is 13 600m3/s.

The annual generation is 2.3 TWh thanks to a Hydraulic head of 194m.

The dam suffered different accidents.

The last one took place in 2009 when a catastophic accident caused flooding of the engine and

FINAL DINNER- FARE WELL PARTY







6° STOP - BAYKAL LAKE



6° STOP -BAYKAL LAKE





Lake Baykal is a rift lake in Russia, located in southern Siberia. It is the largest frehwater lake volume in the world by volume.

It is also the deepest with a maximum depth of 1642 m. It is also considered among the world's clearest lakes and the oldest lake – at 25 millions years. It is the seventh-largest lake in the world by surface area

BACK TO ITALY



We have shared unforgettable moments throughout this journey ... This is the end as well as beginning ... Unknowing to knowing ... No one to friends ... Strangers to family ... we are 'Bratchisk' ... Looking forward for a reunion ⓒ Udaichi ▶